



Wizir of the Morocco Consular Court
of the Nevada state republic
FEB 06 2023
FILED



Moorish National Republic Federal Government

~ **Societas Republicae Ca Al Maurikanos** ~

Moorish Divine and National Movement of the World
Northwest Amexem / Southwest Amexem / Central Amexem /
Adjoining Atlantis and Americana Islands

~ **Temple of the Moon and Sun** ~

The True and De Jure Natural Peoples - Heirs of the Land

~ **I.S.L.A.M.** ~



In The Morocco Consular Court at the Nevada state republic

Consular Jurisdiction and Venue

Available for public display @ <https://moorishamericannationalconsulate.org/publicnotice>

Kevin Fisher, the aboriginal Moorish American national and rightful heir of Maghrib Al-Aqsa Morocco at North America by, *jus sanguinis*, in full life, in propria persona, sui juris authorized rep., ex rel KEVIN FISHER (ens legis)

C/o P.O. Box 27796
Las Vegas, Nevada republic

Complainant

vs.

Cam Ferenbach (acting as) administrative clerk

David F. Brown, (acting as) Administrative clerk

Chris Alireza Karsaz, (acting as) Duly appointed agent / Lead Attorney

Eric R. Newmark (acting as) Associate Attorney

Docket No. 22:cv-01998-RFB-VCF

Re: Case Number: 22E038599
in the records of JUSTICE
COURT LAS VEGAS
TOWNSHIP (Inc.)
CLARK COUNTY (Inc.)

Writ of Error
International Document

Consular jurisdiction and venue established under Treaty Law per Art. 20 and 21 of the Treaty of Peace and Friendship 1836 between United States of North America and Moroccan Empire; Art. III, sect. 2 - Diversity of Diversity of Nationality Case

I hereby attest and certify on 4/9/2023 Respondents
that the foregoing document is a full, true and correct copy of the original on file in my legal custody.

CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA



By [Signature] Deputy Clerk Post Article # 9022 2410 0000 0353 7198 of 10

FILED RECEIVED
ENTERED SERVED ON
COUNSEL/PARTIES OF RECORD
FEB 07 2023
CLERK US DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA
BY: TPW DEPUTY

Writ of Error

International Document

Notice to principle is Notice to agent Notice to Agent is Notice to Principle

See Elliot v. Peirsol, 26 U.S. 328, 340 (1828), (*"Courts are constituted by authority and they cannot act beyond the power delegated to them. If a court acts without authority, its judgments, and orders are regarded as nullities. They are not voidable, but simply void; and form no bar to a remedy sought in opposition to them, even prior to a reversal. They constitute no justification; and all persons concerned in executing /Judgements, or sentences, are considered, in law, as trespassers. "*).

I am in receipt of your instrument titled REPORT, RECOMMENDATION AND ORDER dated January 10, 2023, regarding your response to my Notice of Removal for superior court to federal court pursuant: Request or File Stamp Copies and True Test Copies.

For the record, I am kevin fisher El, an aboriginal and indigenous Moorish American National of the Moroccan Empire at North America. I am not a nom – de-guerre, strawman, d/b/a, or any other stateless person artificial corporate construct as written in all capital letters by the unclean hands of others as you have indicated in your instrument, i.e., KEVIN FISHER or d/b/a nor do I consent to stand as surety for such at any point, at any moment, or at any time. I am a sovereign to this land

and as such, you and your private foreign corporate for-profit entity styled as UNITED STATE DISTRICT COURT (Inc.) DISTRICT OF NEVADA (inc.) do not have lawful Subject matter jurisdiction to hear, present, or pass judgment in any matter concerning my affairs.

In response to your erroneous assumption that my affidavit was a "Motion", let the record reflect that it was NOT ! My affidavit was an exercise of right to have free access to the records of the UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT (inc.) DISTRICT OF NEVADA (inc.) in accordance with my Due Process Rights secured under the 5th Amendment of the United States Republic Constitution, as well as the Nevada Constitution - Declaration of Rights under Article 19: That every man, for any injury done to him in his person or property, ought to have remedy by the course of the Law of the Land, and ought to have justice and right, freely without sale, fully without any denial, and speedily without delay, according to the Law of the Land.

It has been clearly shown in the records of this case and related case number **22E038599** by prima facie evidence and conclusive proof that the de facto LAS VEGAS JUSTICE COURT (Inc.) lack's Subject matter jurisdiction because it is not a constitutional court of competent jurisdiction being delegated judicial authorization by Congress under Article III of the Constitution for the United States Republic of North America to hear and decide 'Diversity of Nationality / Citizenship'

cases; it does not have lawful consular jurisdiction to hear and decide Treaty matters involving or affecting indigenous Moorish Americans per Articles 20 and 21 of the Treaty of Peace and Friendship of 1836 between the United States of North America and the Moroccan Empire. See the Affidavit of Fact: Writ of Quo Warranto [EXHIBIT: A] entered in case on November 15th, 2022, Adverse claim of title and reversion of ancestral estate [EXHIBIT B] entered in case on November 15th, 2022, Default Judgement [EXHIBIT C] Submitted in case on November 23rd, 2022, Writ of Error [EXHIBIT D] entered in case on November 29th, 2022, case number **22E038599**, which all stands as prima facie evidence and conclusive proof of lack of jurisdiction. Also, see *Joyce v. United States*, 474 2d 215 ("there is no discretion to ignore lack of jurisdiction. "). The STATE OF NEVADA (Inc.) and its subsidiary, LAS VEGAS JUSTICE COURT (Inc.), are de facto private foreign corporate for-profit entities operating on this land de facto by the use of Reserve Notes and Checks (Which are private corporate commercial paper and securities), and are entirely separate from the de jure constitutional Nevada state republican government, which was sanctioned under Article 4, section 4 of the United States Republic Constitution. See the doctrine in the case *Clearfield Trust Co. v. United States*, 318 U.S. 363 - 371 (1942):

"Governments descend to the level of a mere private corporation, and take on the characteristics of a mere private citizen ... where '*private corporate commercial paper*' [Federal Reserve Notes (FRNs)] and '*Securities*' [Checks] is concerned. ...

For purposes of suit, such corporations and individuals are regarded as entities entirely separate from government."

Pursuant to the stare decisis law in the Elliot case mentioned above, your misrepresented instrument - bill of Attainder/ bill of exchange titled Report, Order, and Recommendation dated January 10, 2023, filed under color of state law against the fictitious corporate person / nom de guerre KEVIN FISHER within purview of the plausible 14th, Amendment, and any other attachments associated thereto, are null and void ab initio for lack of jurisdiction and fraud. See United States of America Congressional Record, Proceedings and Debates of the 90th Congress, 1st Session, Vol. 113 - Part 12, June 12, 1967, to June 20, 1967, page 15641, which held the purported 14th Amendment to the United States Constitution as ineffective, invalid, null, void and unconstitutional.

Furthermore, I do not have, nor do I possess any gold or silver coins to pay the restricting demands / fees conditionally commanded under color of law (feudal law) by the employees and contractors of the LAS VEGAS JUSTICE COURT (Inc.) which are unconstitutional, and which arbitrarily hinders my 'Due Process Rights'. Clearly your instrument is used to deny my due process right to have free access to the records in this case by you acting in collusion with others to *tamper* with my affidavit and misrepresented it as a 'Motion' by way of fraud! A 'Motion' is discretionary and an assumption that permission must be requested to exercise a Constitutionally Secured

Right. An exercise of a Right is not a request, and your office knows this to be "Stare Decisis" and the Law of the Land. Tampering with evidence is a federal violation, and a clear corruption of the fiduciary duties of all persons of the UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT (inc.) DISTRICT OF NEVADA (inc.). See [Exhibit G] Affidavit of financial Statement, Furthermore, there is no Law prescribed in the United States Republic Constitution requiring a "Motion" to exercise a Constitutional secured right. Your instrument is contrary to the *Miranda Rule* and constitutes a violation of the 9th, Amendment of the United States Republic Constitution: Amendment 9. The enumeration in the Constitution, of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people. See *Miranda Vs. Arizona* 384 US 436, 125 ("Where rights secured by the Constitution are involved, there can be no rule-making or legislation, which would abrogate them.).

ORDER

WHEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED that Cam Ferenbach is in ERROR;

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the misrepresented instruments titled Report, Recommendation, and Order / and or judgements Minute orders & writs dated January 10th, 2023, at 1:33 PM PST Transacted via Notice of Electronic filing by you, are UNCONSTITUTIONAL, NOTWITHSTANDING, NULL and VOID, and are NOT

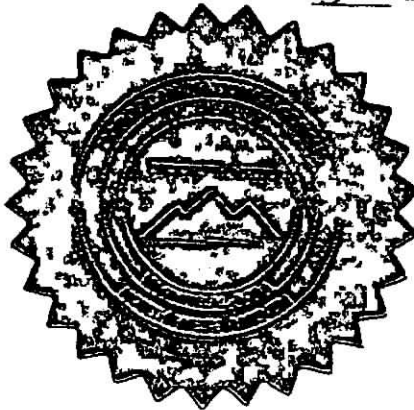
ENFORCEABLE for lack of jurisdiction and fraud, and shall be forthwith stricken and withdrawn from the record of this case;

SO ORDERED, SUI JURIS.

Affidavit

I declare and affirm by virtue of divine law, under the Zodiac Constitution, and upon the United States Republic Constitution of 1791, and upon the honor of my Foremothers and Forefathers that the above Affidavit of Fact: Default Judgment is true and correct.

Witness my hand and seal this 12th day February, 2023.



(Seal)

Malcolm Ali Bey, Consular General / Judicial officer
Morocco Consular Court at the Nevada Republic
Messiah el Authorized rep., ex rel. KEVIN FISHER;
All rights reserved.
C/o P.O. Box 27796
Las Vegas, Nevada republic
Non-Domestic/ Non -Resident / Non-Subject/ Non-Citizen

Cited Authorities:

- Consular jurisdiction and venue under Art. 20 and 21 of the Treaty of Peace and Friendship of 1836 (in force 1837) between United States of North America and Moroccan Empire
- Treaty right to inherit under Art. 22 of the aforesaid Treaty of 1836

- Supremacy clause under Art. VI, cl. 2 of the Constitution for the United States of North America 1791
- Diversity of Nationality case under Art. III, sect. 2 of the Constitution for the United States of North America 1791
- Forfeiture clause under organic Amendment 13, sect. 12 of the Constitution for the United States of North America 1791
- *Kolovrat v. Oregon*, 366 U.S. 187, 194, 81 S.Ct. 922 (1961) (*"state cannot refuse to give foreign nationals their treaty rights because of fear valid international agreements may possibly not work completely to the satisfaction of state authorities. Under the supremacy clause of the United States Constitution Art; VI. clause 2, state policies as to the rights of aliens to inherit must give way to overriding federal treaties and conflicting arrangements."*)
- *Christmas v. Russell*, 5 Wall. 302, 18 L. Ed. 475 (*"A judgment or record shall have the same faith, credit, conclusive effect; and obligatory force in other states as it has by law or usage in the state from whence taken."*)
- *First Nat. Bank v. Terry*, 103 Cal. App. 501, 285 P. 336, 377 (*"Full faith and Credit clause of Const; U.S. art 4, § 1, requires that foreign judgements be given such faith and credit as it had by law or usage of state of its origin."*)

TITLE 22. FOREIGN RELATIONS AND INTERCOURSE PAGE 954
Chapter 2: Consular courts, Section 143
General Jurisdiction in Civil cases.

Such officers are also invested with all the judicial authority necessary to execute the provisions of such treaties, respectively, in regard to civil rights, whether of property or person; and they shall entertain jurisdiction in matter of contract at the port where, or nearest to which the damage complained of was sustained, provided such port be one of the ports at which the United States are represented by consuls. Such jurisdiction shall embrace all controversies between citizens of the United States, or others, provided for by such treaties, respectively. R.S. subsection 4085

[THIS SPACE WAS LEFT BLANK INTENTIONALLY]

**Affidavit
Certificate of Service**

I Kevin Fisher el, hereby certify that on the 6th day of February 2023

the enclosed Affidavit of Fact: Writ of Error was sent vis certified mail or electronically
recorded to the following recipients:

Chris Alireza Karsaz, (acting as) Duly appointed agent / Lead Attorney
Eric R. Newmark (acting as) Associate Attorney
KARSAZ & ASSOCIATES
6726 S. Rainbow Blvd
Las Vegas Nevada [89117]

Cam Ferenbach (acting as) Administrative Clerk
**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT (INC.)
DISTRICT OF NEVADA (INC.)**
333 Las Vegas Blvd South room 1334
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

David F. Brown (acting as) Administrative Clerk
**JUSTICE COURT LAS VEGAS TOWNSHIP (Inc.)
CLARK COUNTY NEVADA / RJC courtroom 7D**
200 Lewis Ave,
Las Vegas, Nevada republic [near 89155]


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C.C. Barbara Katherine Cegavske, Nevada Secretary of State
Antony J. Blinken, United States Secretary of State
Merrick B. Garland, United States Attorney General
Michelle Bachelet Jeria, United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights Office of
the Consul General of Morocco

